REMARKS

This Preliminary Amendment is to clarify portions of the Application, including the Specification and Claims, to add a new claim, to add a replacement Abstract of the Disclosure, and to amend the Drawings. Also included are a Substitute Specification, a marked-up copy of the Substitute Specification showing the changes made and an Englishtranslation of the International Application. No new matter has been added.

The Application is now in condition for allowance, and such is respectfully requested.

It is respectfully requested that, if necessary to effect a timely response, this paper be considered as a Petition for an Extension of Time sufficient to effect a timely response and shortages in other fees, be charged, or any overpayment in fees be credited, to the Account of Barnes & Thornburg LLP, Deposit Account No. 02-1010 (677/44581).

Respectfully submitted,

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OF SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

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SOLID BOWL SCREW CENTRIFUGE COMPRISING A SCRAPING BLADE CENTRIPETAL PUMP

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY

[0001]

The invention-present disclosure relates to a solid bowl screw centrifuge-according to the preamble of Claim Lincluding: a drum having a solids discharge at a conical end and at least one discharge opening at an end opposite the conical end, the at least one discharge opening arranged with an axial drum lid; a screw rotatable at a different speed relative to the drum; a centripetal chamber section connected behind the drum lid with the at least one discharge opening; and a centripetal pump arranged to discharge a liquid phase from the solid bowl screw centrifuge.

[0002]

Centrifuges having one or more centripetal pump(s) as a liquid discharge are known from the field of separators as well as from the field of solid bowl screw centrifuges.

[0003]

It is also known to discharge a liquid phase, particularly under pressure, from solid bowl screw centrifuges by means of centripetal pumps. In these cases, a baffle plate is generally arranged on the screw in the transition to the conical area or at another suitable point. For adjusting the conditions in the centrifuge, particularly the liquid level, the centripetal pump is appropriately throttled. This has considerable effects on the entire process[[÷]] and thus[[¬]] on the centrifuge as well as possible surrounding components or components on the output side. The adjusting of solid bowl screw centrifuges therefore requires relatively high expenditures and can only take place to a limited extent during the operation.

[0004]

It is therefore an object of the invention to improve The present disclosure relates to improving the operation and particularly the adjustability of solid bowl screw centrifuges which have a centripetal pump as the liquid discharge.

[0005]

The invention achieves this task by means of the object of Claim 1 Thus, the present disclosure relates to a solid bowl screw centrifuge that includes: a solid bowl screw centrifuge comprising: a drum having a solids discharge at a conical end and at least one discharge opening at an end opposite the conical end, the at least one discharge opening arranged with an axial drum lid; a screw rotatable at a different speed relative to the drum; a centripetal chamber section connected behind the drum lid with the at least one discharge opening; a centripetal pump arranged to discharge a liquid phase from the solid bowl screw centrifuge; and an adjustable throttling device connected in front of the centripetal pump in the centripetal chamber section, the adjustable throttling device being assigned to the at least one discharge opening.

[0006]

Accordingly, in the case of the solid bowl serew centrifuge of the above mentioned type, a the throttling device which, preferably in the an operation during rotations of the drum, is, in particular, continuously adjustable, is and may be connected in front of the centripetal pump in the centripetal chamber section, the. The throttling device being is assigned to or connected behind the at least one discharge openings opening, which additionally may be equipped with an overflow disk. This throttling device makes it possible to influence the liquid level in the drum of the centrifuge in addition to the operation of the a baffle plate by throttling the liquid outlet cross-section and thus. Thus, by changing the flow resistance between the overflows from the drum and the throttling device in front of the centripetal pump or the gripper, which this surprisingly clearly optimizes the possibility of controlling and/or regulating the conditions in the centrifuge.

[0007]

When centripetal pumps are used, which per se already permit a certain control of the liquid level in the centrifuge, an additional throttling device in front of the centripetal pump so far had not been considered, although. However, as recognized by the invention in the present disclosure, this additional throttling device results in special advantages when controlling and/or regulating the liquid level in the drum.

[8000]

According to a particularly advantageous and cost-effective variant an embodiment of the present disclosure, the throttling device may be constructed as an element which is stationary during the operation. However, as an alternative, it may be constructed as an element which rotates during the operation —particularly together with the drum.

[0009]

According to a variantan embodiment of the present disclosure, the throttling device has at least one or more movable disk elements, slide elements and/or pneumatically or hydraulically operable bellows or membrane elements which preferably is/are assigned to the individual discharge openings and can more or less open up or close the latter.

[00010]

In this such a case, the throttling device is preferably constructed as a movable throttle disk arranged in the centripetal chamber section and situated behind the discharge openings and in front of the centripetal pump. Particularly preferably, a A baffle plate is may also be arranged on the screw.

[00011]

From German Patent Document DE 39 21 327 A1, it is known to form a weir of adjusting elements, such as pressure bellows and the like. A throttling device could also be implemented with such pressure bellows. However, the constructively simple and easily adjustable throttle disk is preferable in this case, particularly in a further development in which it does not co-rotate.

[00012]

Particularly when When using solid bowl screw centrifuges having a centripetal pump, it is particularly advantageous to use the additional throttling device for influencing the liquid level in the centrifuge. Although European Patent Document EP 0 702 599 B1 already discloses the assigning of an axially displaceable throttle disk to an overflow-type passage in a drum lid outside a centrifugal drum on the exterior side of the drum, which

throttle disk is constructed as a part which is stationary during the operation and is constructed to be axially movable, particularly axially slidable, relative to the overflow weir, by means of the stationary throttle disk, a flow resistance is generated in the weir which is the greater[[;]] the smaller the axial distance between the weir and the throttle disk. As the flow resistance increases, a higher liquid pressure is required at the passage, which results in a rise of the liquid level in the centrifugal drum. If the axial distance between the weir and the throttle disk is enlarged, the liquid level in the centrifugal drum will decrease to a value which is caused essentially only by the passage of the weir or the discharge openings. However, the use of the throttle disk in the case of a centrifuge having a centripetal pump was not considered in this document because centripetal pumps per se already permit a certain regulating of the liquid level in the drum. This regulating takes place by way of the adjusting of a valve in the discharge line, which valve influences the regulating of the liquid level by way of corresponding counterpressure.

[00013]

It is surprisingly advantageous to combine the centripetal pump with a movable, particularly axially adjustable throttle disk in the drum because it thereby becomes possible, also when a centripetal pump is used, to continuously regulate the pool depth during the operation and thus adjust the optimal ratio between the flow in the centripetal chamber section and the pool depth in the decanter drum without having to the throttle the discharge line.

[00014]

In this case the present disclosure, the throttle disk, [[-]]-even in the non-rotating further development—embodiment, surprisingly is arranged differently than in the state of the art in the drum in a very different manner than in the case of the throttle disk of European Patent Document EP 0 702 599 B1.

[00015]

With respect to the state of the art, German Patent Document DE 37 28 901 C1 is also mentioned, in which, in the case of a solid bowl screw centrifuge according to the above mentioned type, discloses a swirl flow space is constructed in a weir disk, which is

arranged at the passage openings, the axis of symmetry of the swirl flow space extending parallel to and at a radial distance from the axis of rotation of the drum, and its feeding pipe having a larger radial distance from the axis of rotation of the centrifuge drum than the discharge duct. In this manner, an operation is achieved at two liquid levels but an adjustability does not exist during the operation.

[00016]

In the case of pulp, which is difficult to discharge, a hydraulic support is often required during the discharge by a Δp in front of and behind a baffle plate on the screw. If the regulating diameter at the liquid discharge is rigidly adjusted to this value, penetrations of liquid can be expected on the solids side during the starting process because no sufficient solids closure has yet formed at the baffle plate. Inversely, the maximal pool depth / clarifying effect cannot be achieved when the adjustment of the regulating diameter is large. By means of the According to the present disclosure, by a combination of the throttle disk and the centripetal pump, an operation "with a shallow pool" can now take place in a simple manner in the starting condition until a sufficient bed formation or solids closure has taken place at the baffle plate in order to then increase the pool depth to the maximally possible value. The invention-present disclosure, therefore, makes it possible to satisfactorily process also pulp by means of a centripetal pump, which pulp is difficult to discharge.

[00017]

For this purpose Thus, the non-rotating centripetal pump is no longer throttled for the adjustment but, after its one-time suitable adjustment, a regulating of the conditions in the drum also becomes possible during the operation.

[00018]

The preferably non-rotating, axially movable throttle disk in combination with the centripetal pump and a baffle plate on the screw is also advantageous particularly when starting the solid bowl screw centrifuge. Specifically also this This advantage was not recognized according to the state of the art.

Furthermore, there is often the requirement that it should be possible to influence the pool depth, [[(]]] or the depth of the liquid level[[)], during the operation in order to be able to compensate fluctuations in the inlet and in the product quality and thereby operate the decanter at the optimal operating point in time (efficiency). In the case of decanters having a centripetal pump, this had previously only be possible by means of throttling the

The throttle disk may be constructed as a part which is stationary during the operation or rotates along. For the reasons described in European Patent Document EP 0 702 599 B1, the construction as a stationary part is may be preferred.

discharge line.

The throttle disk can easily be constructed to be stationary during the operation if it can be moved by means of a connecting rod which penetrates a stationary feeding pipe not rotatable during the operation or a component connected with the feeding pipe. In this case, the throttle disk is particularly preferably displaceably guided on the feeding pipe and/or the centripetal pump.

[00022] Additional advantageous further developments of the invention are indicated in the remaining subclaims.

In the following, the invention will be explained in detail by means of embodiments with reference to the drawing. Other aspects of the present disclosure will become apparent from the following descriptions when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a sectional view of a drum of a solid bowl screw centrifuge, according to the invention; present disclosure.

Figure 2a is a sectional view of the solid bowl screw centrifuge of Figure 1 in a first operating condition[[;]].

26] [00025]	Figure 2b is a view of an enlargement of a cutout of designated as 2b in Figure
	2a[[÷]].
27] [00026]	Figure 3a is a sectional view of the solid bowl screw centrifuge of Figure 1 in a
	second operating condition[[;]].
28] [00027]	Figure 3b is a view of an enlargement of cutout of designated as 3b in Figure
	3a[[;]].
29] [00028]	Figure 4 is a sectional view of a drum of a solid bowl screw centrifuge according
	to the state of the art prior art.
	DETAILED DESCRIPTION
30] [00029]	Figure 1 is a sectional view of a solid bowl screw centrifuge 1 having a rotatable
	drum 2 and a rotatable screw 3, the. The drum 2 and the screw 3 having have a
	differential rotational speed relative to one another during the an operation, that. That is,
	drum 2 and screw 3 rotate relative to one another.
31] [00030]	The screw 3 has an interior screw body 4 as well as an exterior screw blade 5. The
	screw 3 conically tapers at one of its ends, in the an area of the a transition to the a conical
	area of the screw 3, a. A baffle plate 6 being is arranged on the latterscrew 3.
32] [00031]	The drum 2 has a shell 7, which also tapers conically at one of its the ends. At this
	of the drum 2, at which end of the drum 2, a solids discharge 8 is constructed.
33] [00032]	At its a second end facing away from the conically tapered end, the drum 2 is
	axially closed by a drum lid 9. On its an interior circumference, the drum lid 9 is
	penetrated by a feeding pipe 10 for the feeding of the centrifugal material by means of a
	distributor 23, which will not be explained in detail, into the drum 2. Here, the The feeding
	pipe 10 is stationary relative to the drum 2 in the an operation when the drum 2 is rotating.
34][00033]	A centripetal chamber section 12 is connected behind the drum lid 9 having
	overflow-type discharge openings 11 whose inside radius is bounded by a ring disk 16

attached to the lid, which 9. The centripetal chamber section 12 is non-rotatably connected with the drum lid 9.

435][00034]

The centripetal chamber section 12 consists of includes a stepped ring attachment 22 which bounds the centripetal chamber section 12 connected behind the drum 2 to the outside, and in which a centripetal pump 13 for discharging the a liquid phase is connected on the an output side. The ring attachment 22 is penetrated by the feeding pipe 10 and by a shaft attachment 21 of the centripetal pump 13, if required,. The shift attachment may be combined with the feeding pipe 10. The centripetal pump 13 is also arranged in a stationary or non-rotatable manner on the feeding pipe 10 and guides liquid through a discharge duct 14 in the shaft attachment 21 of the centripetal pump 13 to an outlet 15.

436][00035]

Between the centripetal pump 13 and the discharge openings or, here, the 11 is a ring disk 16, a. A throttling device, or throttle disk 17, is arranged in the centripetal chamber section 12, the and an outer circumference of the throttle disk 17 preferably being may be larger than or equal to the an inner circumference of the discharge openings 11.

37][00036]

The throttle disk 17 is axially movably movable, that is, for example, axially slidably slidable or swivellably swivellable, and arranged relative to the drum 2, so that its a distance from between the throttle disk 17 and the discharge openings 11 can be completely or partially changed. Here, the The throttle disk 17 is slidably arranged on the feeding pipe 10, in which case, so that it can be moved, for example, by means of at least one connecting rod 18 which penetrates the shaft attachment 21 of the throttle disk 13. For example, an electric drive 19, for moving the at least one or more connecting rod(s)rod 18 and thus for displacing the throttle disk 17, is applied to the an end of the connecting rod 18 facing away from the throttle disk 17.

|38][00037]

The throttle disk 17[[-]] (see also Figure 2b) - consists of includes an outer throttle disk section 20, a pipe-type center section 24 and a inner ring section 25 which here is

arranged to be axially offset with respect to the throttle disk section 20. The pipe-type section 24 is guided in a sealed-off and displaceable manner on ring attachments 26 of the feeding pipe 10 and a ring attachment 27 of the throttle disk.

139][00038]

By means of the arrangement of Figure 1, it becomes possible to continuously regulate the a pool depth (graysee shaded areas in Figs. 2a-3b) in the drum 2 and to adjust the an optimal ratio between the a flow into the centripetal chamber section 12 and the pool depth in the drum 2. In this manner, particularly the initially described positive effects can be achieved. In this case, the The throttle disk 17 can be moved between the centripetal pump 13 and the discharge openings 11.

40][00039]

On the example of Figure 2b shows a relatively narrow gap (Figure 2) or 30 and Figure 3 shows a relatively large gap (Figure 3)32 between the throttle disk 17 and discharge openings 11. [[-]]. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the shows an effect of the throttle disk 17. In each case, the An actual discharge takes place by means of the centripetal pump 13; whereas. Whereas, by means of the throttle disk 17, the discharge quantity and the pool depth in the drum are can be regulated. A special advantage is also the A combination of the centripetal pump 13, the throttle disk 17 and the baffle plate 6 on the screw which, interacting 3 interacts with the throttle disk [[-]] 17 and permit permits an a particularly advantageous adjustment of the conditions. Thus, for example, by means of the throttle disk 17, another a condition with a so-called shallow pool, that is, with a low pool depth, can be used in the an operation until a sufficient bed formation of solids has taken place in the drum 2 in order to then increase the pool depth to the maximally a maximum possible value. Thus, not only the an overflow level is adjusted by means of the throttling device disk 17 but the pool depth is also influenced by throttling the discharge.

[00040]

Figure 4 shows a solid bowl screw centrifuge according to the state of the art, where no throttle disk 17 is arranged in the centripetal chamber section.

Although the present disclosure has been described and illustrated in detail, it is to be clearly understood that this is done by way of illustration and example only and is not to be taken by way of limitation. The scope of the present disclosure is to be limited only by the terms of the appended claims.

Reference Numbers	
Solid bowl screw centrifuge	1
- drum	2
screw	3
screw body	4
screw-blade	5
baffle-plate	6
drum-shell	, may
solids discharge	8
drum lid	9
feeding pipe	10
discharge openings	11
centripetal chamber section	12
centripetal pump	13
discharge duct	14
outlet	15
ring disk	16
throttle disk	17
——connecting rod	18
electric drive	19
——————————————————————————————————————	20
shaft attachment	21
— ring attachment	22
distributor	23
— pipe-type section	24
ring section	25

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ring attachment	26
- Ing attachment	=
- ring attachment	27

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CLAIMSWE CLAIM:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application: Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) Solid bowl screw centrifuge having a screw (3) which can be rotated at a differential rotational speed relative to the drum (2), the drum (2) having a solids discharge (8) at its preferably conical end, and having, at its end situated opposite the conical end, at least one or more weir-type discharge openings (11) arranged with an axial drum lid (9), and a centripetal chamber section (12) being connected behind the drum lid (9) with the discharge openings (10), in which centripetal chamber section(12) a centripetal pump (13) is arranged for discharging the liquid phase from the solid bowl screw centrifuge (1), characterized in that an adjustable throttling device (17) is connected in front of the centripetal pump (13) in the centripetal chamber section, the throttling device (17) being assigned to or connected behind the discharge openings. A solid bowl screw centrifuge comprising:

a drum having a solids discharge at a conical end and at least one discharge opening at an end opposite the conical end, the at least one discharge opening arranged with an axial drum lid;

a screw rotatable at a different speed relative to the drum;

<u>a centripetal chamber section connected behind the drum lid with the at least</u> one discharge opening:

a centripetal pump arranged to discharge a liquid phase from the solid bowl screw centrifuge; and

an adjustable throttling device connected in front of the centripetal pump in the centripetal chamber section, the adjustable throttling device being assigned to the at least one discharge opening.

- 2. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the throttling device (17) can be adjusted is adjustable during the an operation as the drum is rotating.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the throttling device (17) permits a continuous adjusting of the a pool depth.
- 4. (Currently Amended) Solid The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein a baffle plate (6) is arranged on the screw (3).
- 5. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to one of Claims 1 to 2, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the throttling device (17) is constructed as an element which is stationary during the an operation.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to one of Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the throttling device (17) is constructed as an element which rotates during the an operation, particularly with the drum (2).
- 7. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 3 or 4, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the throttling device (17) has includes at

least one or more movable disk elements, slide elements and/or pneumatically or hydraulically operable bellows or membrane elements which are preferably element assigned directly to the individual at least one discharge openings.

- 8. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 3 or 4. characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the throttling device is constructed as a throttle disk (17) arranged in the centripetal chamber section (12), connected behind the at least one discharge opening and connected in front of the centripetal pump (13).
- 9. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 6, characterized in that 8, wherein the throttle disk has an axially movable construction.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 8, wherein the throttle disk (17) has a swivellable construction.
- of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 8, wherein the throttle disk is movable by means of at least one connecting rod (18) which is penetrated by a stationary feeding pipe (10), which is non-rotatable during the operation, or by a component connected with the feeding pipe (10).
- 12. (Currently Amended) Solid-The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 8, wherein the throttle disk is displaceably guided on the a feeding pipe (10) and/or the centripetal pump (26).

- of the preceding claims, characterized in that Claim 1, wherein the throttle disk (17) can be moved is movable between the centripetal pump (13) and the at least one discharge openings (11) opening.
- 14. (New) The solid bowl screw centrifuge according to Claim 8, wherein the throttle disk is displacebly guided on the centripetal pump.

IN THE DRAWING:

Please note the enclosed Figures 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b and 4 marked as "Annotated Sheets".

Please enter the enclosed Figures 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b and 4 marked as "Replacement Sheets".

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